



Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality (EPMM) Launch of the Coverage Targets and Milestones

Agenda

Central European Time (CET)	Торіс	Speakers
2:00-2:10pm	Welcome	Moderator: Femi Oke
	Opening remarks	Dr. Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus Director General, WHO
		Dr. Natalia Kanem Executive Director, UNFPA
2:10-2:20pm	Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality: An Overview	Dr. Anshu Banerjee Director, Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health and Ageing (MCA) Department, WHO
2:20-2:25pm	EPMM Coverage Targets for 2025	Dr. Willibald Zeck Global Maternal and Newborn Health Thematic Fund Coordinator, UNFPA
		Dr. Allisyn Moran Unit Head, Maternal Health, Maternal, Newborn, Child and Adolescent Health & Ageing Department, WHO
2:25-2:30pm	EPMM Milestones towards improving maternal health and wellbeing	Dr. Sylvia Deganus Obstetrician /Gynaecologist, Ghana
2:30-3:10pm	Panel discussion on Advancing Maternal and Newborn Health in High-burden Countries	Discussants: Dr. Martina Baye Coordinator of the national program to combat maternal and child mortality, Ministry of Public Health, Cameroon
		Dr. Saroja Pande President Elect, Society of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists, Nepal
		Nick Pearson Founder and Director at Jacaranda Maternity
		Tariah Adams Communication/Advocacy Officer, White Ribbon Alliance, Nigeria
		Franka Cadée President, International Confederation of Midwives (ICM)
		Robyn Churchill Maternal Health Team Lead Office of Maternal Child Health and Nutrition, USAID
3:10-3:20pm	Q & A	
3:20-3:25pm	Next Steps	Dr. Anneka Knutsson Chief, Sexual and Reproductive Health Branch, UNFPA
3:25-3:30pm	Closing Remarks	Dr Austin Demby Honourable Minister of Health & Sanitation, Sierra Leone

Opening comments



Dr. Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus



Dr. Natalia Kanem

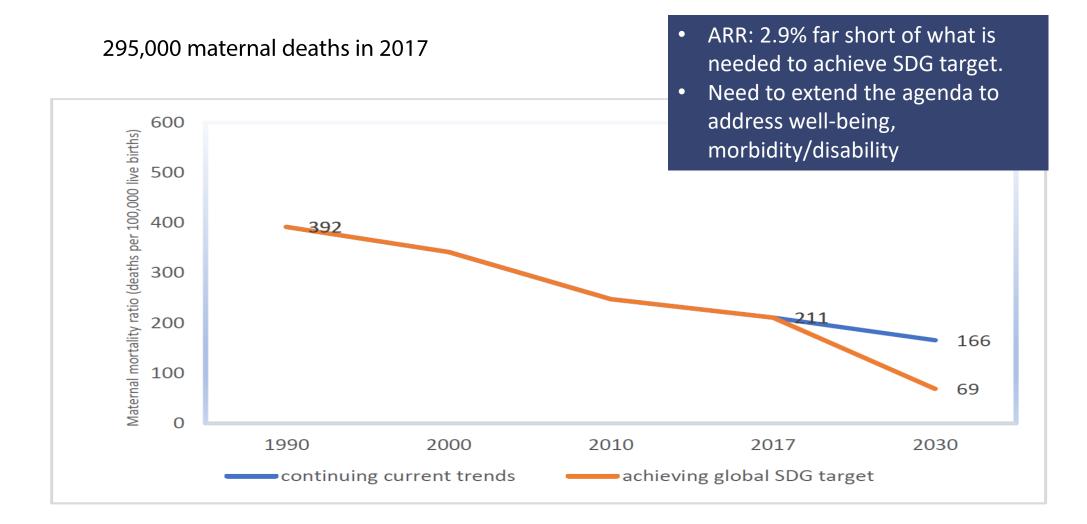
Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality: An Overview



Dr. Anshu Banerjee, WHO



Maternal Mortality and projections to 2030

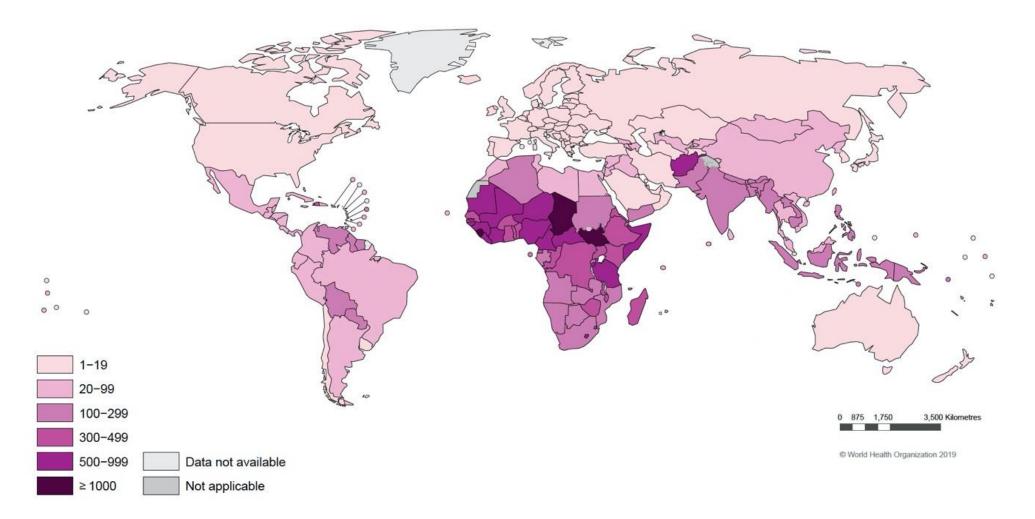


Source : WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group and the United Nations Population Division. Maternal mortality: Level and trends 2000-2017. WHO, Geneva, Switzerland 2019.

Global targets by 2030

- The average global target is a Maternal Mortality Ratio of less than 70/100 000 live births by 2030.
- The supplementary national target is that no country should have a Maternal Mortality Ratio greater than 140/100 000 live births by 2030.
- All countries will have reached the target of 12 or fewer stillbirths per 1000 total births.

Global burden of maternal deaths



Source : WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group and the United Nations Population Division. Maternal mortality: Level and trends 2000-2017. WHO, Geneva, Switzerland 2019.

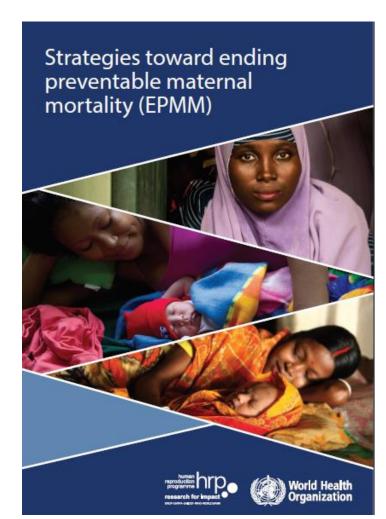
Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality: A Renewed Focus

Launched in 2015

- Outlined SDG targets and strategies for ending preventable maternal mortality across 11 themes including proximal and distal determinants
- Initial focus on targets and measurement

Re-orientation in 2020-21

- EPMM management group (WHO, UNFPA)
- Focus on country implementation and monitoring
- EPMM coverage targets and milestones developed
- Selected priority countries for the initial phase
- Linking with Every Newborn Action Plan (ENAP) to strengthen country implementation



Targets and milestones cover EPMM 11 key Themes

Guiding Principles	Empower women, girls, and communities				
	Integrate maternal and newborn health, protect and support the mother-baby dyad				
	Ensure country ownership, leadership, and supportive legal, regulatory, and financial frameworks				
	Apply a human-rights framework to ensure that high-quality reproductive, maternal, and newborn health care is available, accessible, and acceptable to all who need it				
Cross-cutting Actions	Improve metrics, measurement systems, and data quality to ensure that all maternal and newborn deaths are counted				
	Allocate adequate resources and effective health care financing				
Five Strategic Objectives	Address inequities in access to and quality of sexual, reproductive, maternal, and newborn healthcare				
-	Address inequities in access to and quality of sexual, reproductive, maternal, and newborn				
-	Address inequities in access to and quality of sexual, reproductive, maternal, and newborn healthcare Ensure universal health coverage for comprehensive sexual, reproductive, maternal, and				
-	Address inequities in access to and quality of sexual, reproductive, maternal, and newborn healthcare Ensure universal health coverage for comprehensive sexual, reproductive, maternal, and newborn healthcare Address all causes of maternal mortality, reproductive and maternal morbidities, and				

Selection of priority countries for the initial phase

Criteria

□ High burden of maternal deaths and stillbirths

□ Strong presence of a facilitating partner

□ Representative of different stages of Obstetric Transition framework

□ Midwifery focused initiatives

Language diversity

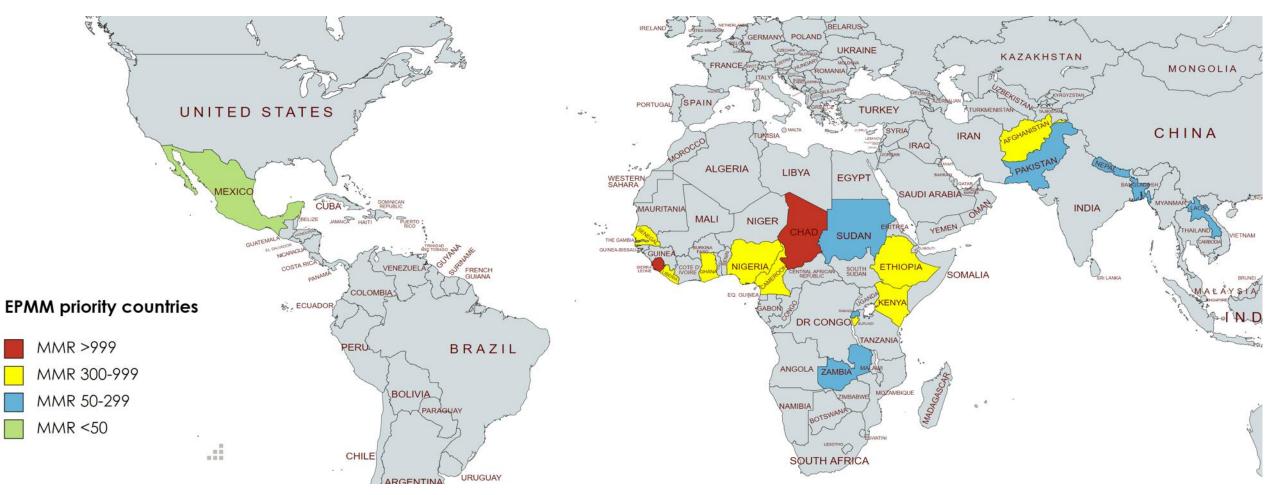
Geographic representation

Number of countries for the initial phase: 19

EPMM priority countries for the initial phase

Obstetric transition stage	Country	MMR 2017	SBR 2019	Obstetric transition stage	Country	MMR 2017	SBR 2019
Stage I (MMR >1000)	Sierra Leone	1120	23.7	Stage III (MMR 50-299)	Bangladesh	173	24.3
	Chad	1110			Laos	185	16.6
	Chad	1140	27.5		Nepal	186	17.5
	Burundi	548	26.1		Pakistan	140	30.6
	Cameroon	529	19.5				
Stage II (MMR 300-999)	Ethiopia	401	24.6		Rwanda	248	16.9
	Ghana	308	21.7		Sudan	295	22.6
	Kenya	342	19.7	Stage IV	Mariaa	22	6.9
	Liberia	661	24.2	(MMR <50)	Mexico	33	6.8
	Nigeria	917	22.2				
	Senegal	315	19.7				
	Somalia	829	26.8				
	Afghanistan	638	28.4				

Number of maternal deaths in EPMM priority countries



EPMM Coverage Targets 2021-2025



Allisyn Moran, WHO



Target 1: Every Pregnant Woman (EPMM/ENAP target) Indicator: Four or more antenatal Care contacts

Global target: 90% global coverage of four or more antenatal care contacts National target: 90% of countries have > 70% coverage Subnational target: 80% of districts have > 70% coverage

Target 2: Every Birth (EPMM/ ENAP target)

Indicator: Births attended by skilled health personnel

Global target: 90% global average coverage of births attended by skilled health personnel National target: 90% of countries with > 80% coverage Subnational target: 80% of districts with > 80% coverage



Target 3: Every Woman & Newborn (EPMM/ENAP target) **Indicator: Early Routine Postnatal care (within 2 days)** Global target: 80% global coverage of early postnatal care National target: 90% of countries with > 60% coverage Subnational target: 80% of districts with > 60% coverage

Target 4: Every Pregnant Woman with obstetric complications (EPMM target) Indicator: Proportion of the population covered by Emergency Obstetric Care (EmOC) health facilities within 2 hours of travel time

Global target: at least 60% of the population able to physically access the closest EmOC health facility within 2h of travel time

National target: : 80% of countries with > 50% of the population able to physically access the closest EmOC health facility within 2h of travel time



Target 5: On broader determinants of maternal health (EPMM target)



Indicator: Proportion of women aged 15-49 who make their own informed and empowered decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use, and reproductive health care (SDG 5.6.1.)

Global target: 65% of women making their own informed and empowered decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use, and reproductive health care

National target: 80% of countries enact legal and policy changes that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education



Willibald Zeck, UNFPA

EPMM Coverage Targets 1,2 & 3: common with ENAP targets

Target 1	Indicator: Four or more antenatal Care contacts					
Every Pregnant Woman <i>(EPMM/ENAP target)</i>	 Global target: 90% global coverage of four or more antenatal care contacts 					
	 National target: 90% of countries have > 70% coverage 					
	 Subnational target: 80% of districts have > 70% coverage 					
Target 2	Indicator: Births attended by skilled health personnel					
Every Birth (EPMM/ENAP target)	 Global target: 90% global average coverage of births attended by skilled health personnel 					
	 National target: 90% of countries with > 80% coverage 					
	 Subnational target: 80% of districts with > 80% coverage 					
Target 3	Indicator: Early Routine Postnatal care (within 2 days)					
Every Woman & Newborn <i>(EPMM/ENAP target)</i>	 Global target: 80% global coverage of early postnatal care 					
	 National target: 90% of countries with > 60% coverage 					
	 Subnational target: 80% of districts with > 60% coverage 					

EPMM Coverage Targets 4 & 5

Target 4

Every Pregnant Woman with obstetric complications (EPMM target)

Indicator: Proportion of the population covered by Emergency Obstetric Care (EmOC) health facilities within 2 hours of travel time

- Global target: at least 60% of the population able to physically access the closest EmOC health facility within 2h of travel time
- National target: : 80% of countries with > 50% of the population able to physically access the closest EmOC health facility within 2h of travel time

Target 5

On broader determinants of maternal health (EPMM target) Indicator: Proportion of women aged 15-49 who make their own informed and empowered decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use, and reproductive health care (SDG 5.6.1.)

- Global target: 65% of women making their own informed and empowered decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use, and reproductive health care
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Proposed principles for EPMM targets

Focus on 4-5 coverage targets

- Three targets common with ENAP (ANC, SBA, PNC)
- One on management of obstetric complications
- One on social, economic, political determinants
- Relevant to EPMM Strategies (11 key themes)

Feasibility of measurement

- What we can measure now, and what we can measure in five years
- Ambitious but also measurable ideally through routine data collection
- Useful for advocacy, similar to immunization and HIV/AIDS
- Sensitive to change over time, linked with programmatic focus
- Complement mortality targets and milestones for programmatic progress, measured at global, national, (sub-national levels)

Process for developing the EPMM coverage targets

May-September	September-	January-	March-June	October 2021
2020	October 2020	February 2021	2021	
Initial mapping of possible EPMM targets (by WHO, UNFPA, UNICEF, LSHTM, Harvard School of Public Health and consultation of EPMM/ENAP Metric Group)	cour cour (inclue	Second online consultation ses from 40 ntries ding 36 zations)	Incorporate consultation results and consult with EPMM/ENAP Metric Group and MoNITOR members	Launch

How countries can report and use the EPMM targets

- WHO, UNFPA and UNICEF will develop operational guidance on how to collect coverage targets for EPMM/ENAP – planned for beginning 2022
- WHO, UNFPA and partners will develop a "light" EmOC survey tool for the EmOC target 4
- WHO, UNICEF and UNFPA will adapt the ENAP tracking tool to incorporate EPMM targets and milestones to track progress on implementation
- Countries will report on targets and milestones on a voluntary basis – in 2023 and 2025

EPMM Milestones toward improving maternal health and well-being



Sylvia Deganus

ENDING PREVENTABLE MATERNAL MORTALITY (EPMM)



EPMM Milestones

For 10 key areas

To track the status of progress towards ending preventable maternal mortality

• To **support countries** to:

- identify gaps and barriers
- jointly create action plans to address the gaps
- identify specific need for support

Process of Developing EPMM Milestones





EPMM Implementation Framework



Panel Discussion



Dr. Martina Baye

Coordinator of the national program to combat maternal and child mortality, Ministry of Public Health, Cameroon



Dr. Saroja Pande

President Elect, Society of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists, Nepal



Nick Pearson

Founder and Director at Jacaranda Maternity



Tariah Adams

Communication/Advocacy Officer, White Ribbon Alliance, Nigeria



Franka Cadée

President, International Confederation of Midwives (ICM)



Robyn Churchill

Maternal Health Team Lead Office of Maternal Child Health and Nutrition, USAID





Anneka Knutsson, UNFPA



Following the launch EPMM will...

- Ensure that the materials are available in the website and reach the governments & stakeholders at various levels
- Develop tool to track progress in achieving EPMM and ENAP milestones and targets (in coordination with ENAP)
- Operationalize in-country facilitation and coordination
- Engage with the stakeholders in priority countries and other interested countries to identify gaps and need for assistance
- Advocate for mobilization of resources for MNH
- Continue alignment of maternal & newborn health at global level
- Joint EPMM ENAP progress report in 2023

Closing Remarks



Dr. Austin H. Demby Honourable Minister of Health and Sanitation, Sierra Leone



Ending Preventable Maternal Mortality Management Team

